Wikipedia Tools for Google Spreadsheets

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ABSTRACT

In this paper, we introduce the Wikipedia Tools for Google Spreadsheets. Google Spreadsheets is part of a free, Webbased software office suite offered by Google within its Google Docs service. It allows users to create and edit spreadsheets online, while collaborating with other users in realtime. Wikipedia is a free-access, free-content Internet encyclopedia, whose content and data is available, among other means, through an API. With the Wikipedia Tools for Google Spreadsheets, we have created a toolkit that facilitates working with Wikipedia data from within a spreadsheet context. We make these tools available as open-source on GitHub, ¹ released under the permissive Apache 2.0 license.

Categories and Subject Descriptors

H.3.5 [Online Information Services]: Web-based services

Keywords

Wikipedia, Wikidata, Google Spreadsheets, Google Sheets

1. INTRODUCTION

In the world of Computer Science, spreadsheet applications serve for the organization, analysis, and storage of data in tabular form. Spreadsheets are the computerized simulation of paper accounting worksheets, and operate on data represented as cells of an array, organized in rows and columns. Cells can contain numeric or textual data, or the results of formulas that automatically calculate and display a value based on the contents of other cells. With the Wikipedia Tools for Google Spreadsheets, we introduce a toolkit of such formulas, tailored to the universe of Wikipedia, that enables a wide range of potential use cases starting from marketing, to search engine optimization, to business analysis. Especially through the chaining of formulas, the true power and ease of spreadsheet applications can be unleashed.

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Wikipedia and Wikidata 1.1

Wikipedia's content and data is available through the Wikipedia API (https://{language}.wikipedia.org/w/api.php), where {language} represents one of the currently 291 supported Wikipedia languages,² for example, en for English, de for German, or zu for Zulu. Wikidata is a collaboratively edited knowledge base and intended to provide a common source of structured data which can be used by projects such as Wikipedia. Its content and data is available through the Wikidata API (https://www.wikidata.org/w/api.php). Both the Wikipedia and the Wikidata APIs' data is available as XML or JSON, among other formats. Wikipedia pageviews data, i.e., the number of times within a given period of time that a given Wikipedia article has been viewed can be obtained using the Pageviews API (https://wikimedia.org/api/ rest_v1/?doc). The data is available in JSON format.

Google Spreadsheets and Apps Scripts

Google Spreadsheets can be extended with custom functions (or formulas) using Google Apps Scripts³ that are written in standard JavaScript.⁴ To illustrate this, a trivial function is defined in Listing 1 that can then be used from within a spreadsheet as outlined in Listing 2. Custom functions can access external resources on the Web by fetching URLs with the UrlFetchApp, one of the scripting services available in Google Apps Script. Fetched data can either be in XML or JSON format and parsed with convenience functions.

```
function DOUBLE(input) {
 return input * 2;
```

Listing 1: Custom Google Sheets function called DOUBLE.

=DOUBLE (A1)

Listing 2: Usage of the custom DOUBLE function from Listing 1 in a cell with the value of cell A1 as a parameter.

LIST OF DEVELOPED FUNCTIONS

In our Wikipedia Tools for Google Spreadsheets, we provide eleven functions that—in traditional spreadsheets style follow an all-uppercase naming convention and start with

 $^{^1 \,} Wikipedia \ \, Tools \, \, for \, \, Google \, \, Spreadsheets \colon \, \, {\rm https://github.}$ com/tomayac/wikipedia-tools-for-google-spreadsheets

²List of Wikipedias: https://meta.wikimedia.org/wiki/List_of_ Wikipedias

³Google Apps Script: https://developers.google.com/ apps-script/

⁴Custom functions in Google Sheets: https://developers. google.com/apps-script/guides/sheets/functions

a WIKI prefix. These functions are wrappers around the particular Wikipedia or Wikidata API calls, or the Pageviews API respectively. Figure 1 shows exemplary output for the English Wikipedia article https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Berlin and the English Wikipedia category https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Category:Berlin. The functions are listed below.

WIKITRANSLATE Returns Wikipedia translations (language links) for a Wikipedia article.

WIKISYNONYMS Returns Wikipedia synonyms (redirects) for a Wikipedia article.

WIKIEXPAND Returns Wikipedia translations (language links) and synonyms (redirects) for a Wikipedia article.

WIKICATEGORYMEMBERS Returns Wikipedia category members for a Wikipedia category.

WIKISUBCATEGORIES Returns Wikipedia subcategories for a Wikipedia category.

WIKIINBOUNDLINKS Returns Wikipedia inbound links for a Wikipedia article.

WIKIOUTBOUNDLINKS Returns Wikipedia outbound links for a Wikipedia article.

WIKIMUTUALLINKS Returns Wikipedia mutual links, i.e, the intersection of inbound and outbound links for a Wikipedia article.

WIKIGEOCOORDINATES Returns Wikipedia geocoordinates for a Wikipedia article.

wikidata facts for a Wikipedia article.

WIKIPAGEVIEWS Returns Wikipedia pageviews statistics for a Wikipedia article.

WIKIPAGEEDITS Returns Wikipedia pageedits statistics for a Wikipedia article.

Most functions directly wrap native API calls, with three exceptions: (i) the functionality of the WIKISYNONYMS and the WIKITRANSLATE functions is combined in the WIKIEXPAND function, both the WIKITRANSLATE and the WIKIEXPAND function accept an optional target languages parameter that allows for limiting the output to just a subset of all available Wikipedia languages; (ii) the function WIKIMUTUALLINKS is the intersection of the two functions wikiinboundlinks and WIKIOUTBOUNDLINKS; and (iii) the function WIKIDATAFACTS provides a list of claims [11] (or facts), enriched with entity and property labels for improved readability, limited to single-value objects, and simplified using an adapted version of Maxime Lathuilière's simplifyClaims function⁵ from his Wikidata SDK [6]. This allows us to return two columns in RDF [2] terms "predicate" and "object" pairs—with one unique object, for example, the predicate ISO 3166-2 code with the object DE-BE, and deliberately discarding multivalue claims, for example, predicate head of government with objects Michael Müller and Klaus Wowereit, among many others. While in the concrete example the ordering is clear (temporal), this is not true in the general case, for example, with predicate instance of. As a result, in WIKIDATAFACTS, we prefer indisputability of claims over their completeness. Listing 3 exemplarily shows the complete implementation of the WIKISYNONYMS function.

 $^5 Wikidata SDK$ simplify Claims function: https://github.com/maxlath/wikidata-sdk#simplify-claims-results

```
* Returns Wikipedia synonyms
 * @param {string} article The Wikipedia article
 * @return {Array<string>} The list of synonyms
function WIKISYNONYMS(article) {
  'use strict';
  if (!article)
    return '';
  var results = [];
  trv {
    var language = article.split(/:(.+)?/)[0];
    var title = article.split(/:(.+)?/)[1];
    if (!title) {
      return '';
    title = title.replace(/\s/g, '_');
    var url = 'https://' + language +
        '.wikipedia.org/w/api.php' +
        '?action=query' +
        '&blnamespace=0' +
        '&list=backlinks' +
        '&blfilterredir=redirects' +
        '&bllimit=max' +
        '&format=xml' +
        '&bltitle=' +
        encodeURIComponent(title);
    var xml = UrlFetchApp.fetch(url)
        .getContentText();
    var document = XmlService.parse(xml);
    var entries = document.getRootElement()
        .getChild('query').getChild('backlinks')
        .getChildren('bl');
    for (var i = 0; i < entries.length; i++) {
      var text = entries[i].getAttribute('title')
          .getValue();
      results[i] = text;
  } catch (e) {
    // no-op
  return results.length > 0 ? results : ":
```

Listing 3: Implementation of WIKISYNONYMS.

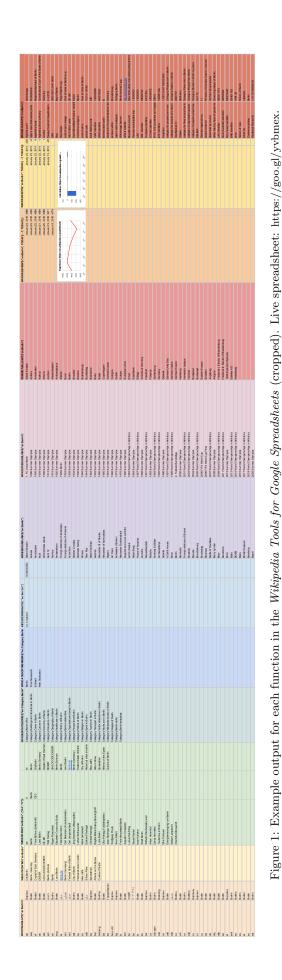
3. USAGE SCENARIOS

We have tested the Wikipedia Tools for Google Spreadsheets with different usage scenarios in mind. These include, but are not limited to, the ones listed in the following.

3.1 Usage Scenario I: Ordered Category Panel

Wikipedia holds an enormous amount of categories, for example, visitor attractions in Montreal.⁶ Category members obtained through a call of WIKICATEGORYMEMBERS are listed in alphabetical order, however, if we additionally request pageviews data for each category member through a series of WIKIPAGEVIEWS calls and then sort by pageviews in descending order, we get a representative list of top-10 visitor attractions—enriched with photos retrieved through calls of WIKIDATAFACTS filtered on "image"—as shown in Figure 2. A similar feature (based on non-disclosed metrics) in form

 $^{^6 \}mbox{Visitor}$ attractions in Montreal: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Category:Visitor_attractions_in_Montreal



of an image carousel can be seen in Google's Knowledge Graph [10] Web search results pages when searching for "visitor attractions in montreal" (demo https://goo.gl/Ugt0je).

3.2 Usage Scenario II: Search Ads

Search advertisers can greatly profit from the information that is contained in Wikipedia and Wikidata. For example, if we imagine a hotel booking site, it may be desirable to advertise based on points of interest (POIs) and create advertisements automatically featuring known facts of such POIs. Figure 3 shows an example where skyscrapers listed in the category skyscrapers over 350 meter⁷ are first obtained via WIKICATEGORYMEMBERS and then checked for their "height" fact via WIKIDATAFACTS, which is then used in two templates to create ads. Search keywords are generated by calling WIKISYNONYMS and combined with terms like "hotel".

3.3 Usage Scenario III: Marketing Campaigns

On January 13, 2016, Google Maps added Street View imagery for the model railway *Miniatur Wunderland*. Taking global Wikipedia pageviews as a popularity indicator, we can examine if the marketing campaign has had any impact on the attraction, assuming that more pageviews translate to increased visitor interest. Therefore, we first obtain the *Miniatur Wunderland* article in all available languages via WIKITRANSLATE and then retrieve pageviews via WIKITRAGEVIEWS. Figure 4 shows indeed an international uptake of pageviews starting January 13 after an earlier linear curve progression (except for the German article, which had a peak on January 8, a long weekend after a public holiday).

4. RELATED WORK

In his book Google Apps Script for Beginners [4], Gabet gives an introduction to extending Google Spreadsheets with custom functions. A similar introduction is given in Ferreira's Google Apps Script: Web Application Development Essentials [3]. In [5], Han et al. describe their approach RDF123 to translate spreadsheets data to RDF, the inverse of what we do in WIKIDATAFACTS. Olsen and Moser show in [8] how Web APIs can be taught with spreadsheets. The process of calling Web APIs via spreadsheets is further described in [9]. Further, in [1], Abramson et al. describe how they enabled spreadsheets to have "super-computing" powers through parallelized custom functions. An open-source toolkit for mining Wikipedia—not bound to spreadsheets, but designed for general use with the Java programming language—is described by Milne et al. in [7].

5. CONCLUSIONS AND FUTURE WORK

In this paper, we have introduced the Wikipedia Tools for Google Spreadsheets. First, we have introduced the data sources Wikipedia and Wikidata and their different APIs. Second, we have shown how Google Spreadsheets can be extended through custom functions that can then be used from within a cell context as if they were native functions. In the following, we have listed the implemented functions, and explained where they extend the functionality of the underly-

 $^{^7 \}rm Skyscrapers$ over 350 meter: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Category:Skyscrapers_over_350_meters

⁸Miniatur Wunderland on Google Street View: https://www.google.com/maps/about/behind-the-scenes/streetview/treks/miniatur-wunderland/

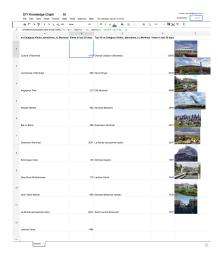


Figure 2: Usage scenario I: Wikipedia Tools for Google Spreadsheets used to create an ordered category panel based on Wikipedia category memberships and accumulated Wikipedia pageviews for popularity ranking (here: the top-10 visitor attractions in Montreal). Live spreadsheet: https://goo.gl/Njvt1T.

		Artist	10 B Z S A	♣ ⊞ ⊞ ± F	+ ∞ ■)∈(∀ Σ	
fic	*ARRXYFORMULA (LONER(WIKI SYMEWING (*ee	"AC\$7)A"	hotel"))			
	A		c	0		
1	en:Category: Skyserapers over 350 meter	Holant (re	1			
2	1 Park Avenue		Potennos Towers	International Comments Control	Shanghei World Financial Center	Talpel 101
2	One World Trade Center		1452	1454	1450	4509
4	111 West 57th Street		Hotel near Petronas Towers	Hotel near International Commerc	Hotel near Shanghai World Financial Cente	Hotel near Taigel 101
	23 Marine		Drigoy the view from 452m above		Enjoy the view from 492m above	Enjoy the view from 509m above
6	Three World Trade Center		Slosscrapers over 350 meters	Sloveprapers over 350 meters	Skyscrapers over 350 meters	Skyscrapers over 350 meters
7	Abrai Al Balt	+901	www.exemple.org/hote/petrones-towers	www.example.org/hotel/international	www.exemple.org/hotel/shanghol-world-financ	www.example.org/hotelfalpei-101
	Abu Dhabi Plaza					
9	Akhmet Tower		Petronas Towers Hotel	International Commerce Centre Hi	Shanehol World Financial Center Hotel	Taipel 101 Hotel
10	Al Harrina Tower		Relax 452m above the ground	Relax 404m above the ground	Relax 492m above the ground	Relax 500m above the ground
11	Al Quás Endowment Tower		Get a hotel with a perfect view	Get a hotel with a perfect view	Get a hotel with a perfect view	Get a hotel with a perfect view
12	Al Raini Tower		www.exemple.org/hote/petrones-towers	www.example.org/hotel/international	www.exemple.org/hotelishanghai-world-financ	www.example.org/hotelfalpei-101
13	Almas Tower					
54	Aners Tower		petronas tower hotel	union square phase 7 hotel	shanghai world financial centre hotel	taipei 101 tower hotel
15	Bank of America Tower (Manhatlan)		petronas towers hotel	international commerce center hong	kéazul, world financial center hotel	101 tower hotel
16	Bank of China Tower (Hong Kong)		petronas twin towers hotel	International commerce center hotel	world finance center hotel	taipei financial center hotel
T	Baoneng Shenyang Global Financial Center		petronas tower 1 hotel	kowloon station phase 7 hotel	world's largest bottle opener hotel	101 tower hotel
18	Berwa Tower		petronas tower 2 hotel	ritz-ceriton (hong kang) hotel	sharohei wfc hotel	taipel financial centre hotel
19	Bin Manana Twin Towers		petronis twin towers hotel	international commerce centre hong	上海界球会級中心 hotel	taipei international financial centre ho
20	Buri Al Alem		petronas twin towers hotel	international commerce centre hongi	上海環境全能性心 hotel	taipei international financial center ho
21	Burj Khalifa		kuala lumpur hein towers hotel	loc tower hotel	shänghli huánqiú (Inröng zhöngeln hotel	taibel financial centre hotel
22	Burj Mubarak al-Kabir		twin towers (malaysia) hotel		shanghai financial center hotel	taibel financial center hotel
23	Busan Lotte Town Tower				shanghei hills world financial center hotel	talbel international financial centre ho
24	Capital Market Authority Headquarters				shanghei world finance center hotel	taibel international financial center to
25	Central Market Project					taibei yilingyi hotel
26	Central Park Tower					talbel guoji jinrong zhongxin hotel
27	Central Plaza (Hong Kong)					taibel 101 hotel
20	Changsha IF8 Tower T1					taipeh 101 hotel
20	Changdu Greenland Tower					taipel tower hotel
30	China Resources Centre Block A					臺北101 hotel
31	China Resources Headquarters					62:S101 hotel
32	China Zun					tabli yilingyi hotel
33	Chongoing International Trade and Commer					Tai-pel Hing-I hotel
34	CITIC Plaza					tal-pak it-leng-it hotel
35	CTF Finance Centre	+530				tapel 101 hotel
36	Dalian Eton Center					taipei 101 building hotel
ЗŢ	Dallan Greenland Center					
36	Dalian International Trade Center					

Figure 3: Usage scenario II: Wikipedia Tools for Google Spreadsheets used to create textual search ads based on Wikidata facts (here: skyscraper heights) and Wikipedia synonyms as keywords combined with the term "hotel". Live spreadsheet: https://goo.gl/np1Is8.

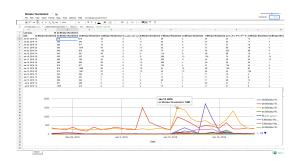


Figure 4: Usage scenario III: Wikipedia Tools for Google Spreadsheets used to evaluate the impact of a marketing campaign (here: model railway Miniatur Wunderland being featured on Google Street View since January 13, 2016). Live spreadsheet: https://goo.gl/q1yhuV.

ing wrapped API functions. We have then focused on three different usage scenarios that illustrate how to work with the *Wikipedia Tools for Google Spreadsheets* and finally have provided an overlook on related work in the area.

Future work will focus on adding more functions as need be and potentially making the functions more parameterizable. In the current iteration, we have favored simplicity and ease of use over customizability, essentially making the most common use case the only option. Possibly, in upcoming releases, we will add an advanced mode that allows experienced users to fine-tune the functions' results, for example, to implicitly include bot traffic in WIKIPAGEVIEWS that we have currently excluded on purpose.

Concluding, we were positively surprised by the increased productivity and short turnaround time enabled by the Wikipedia Tools for Google Spreadsheets for the rapid prototyping of ideas, especially in combination with the fill-down and fill-right features in spreadsheets and the charting capabilities. We look forward to making the tools even more powerful and hope to attract collaborators for the open source project available on GitHub at https://github.com/tomayac/wikipedia-tools-for-google-spreadsheets. As a positive side effect, the tools can even help improve Wikipedia and Wikidata when authors add missing data, for example, we added an image to one of the visitor attractions of Montreal, as this fact was initially missing in Wikidata (and thus in Figure 2).

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